

تشریحی:	٣.	تستى:	سؤالات:	تعداد
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زمان أزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ٥٥ تشريحى: \_\_



مجاز است.

<b>امام خمینی (<sup>ره)</sup>:</b> این محرم و صفر است که اسلام را زنده نگه داشته است.				
Direction: Each of the questions or incomplete statements below is followed by four suggested answers or completions. Select the one that is best in each case and then completely fill in the corresponding circle on the answer sheet.				
1. According to Laurence Perrine's textboo	ok, poetry must involve not only his intelligence but also			
his				
a. Rime, meter, and form.	b. Sense, sensibility, and sensitivity.			
c. Senses, emotions, and imagination.	d. Sensitivity, range, and purpose.			
According to your book, how many uses of language totally we can have?  The communicative, the experiential, and the poetic.  The practical, the literary, and the hortatory.  The linguistic and the persuasive.  The intensive and the philosophical.				
The practical, the literary, and the hortatory.				
The linguistic and the persuasive.				
d. The intensive and the philosophical.				
3. According to L. Perrine's textbook, poetry takes all life as its province. So poetry's primary concern				
is with				
a. Beauty b. Actuality	c. Experience d. Philosophical truth			
is with				
And so I came to fancy's meadow strowed / With many a flower				
a. The fancy world of Satan.	b. Hell and Heaven.			
c. The Grassland full of flowers.	d. The meadow of the Hell of many a flower.			
5. There is a(n) in the second line	e of the quoted piece.			
He watches from his mountain walls,				

He watches from his mountain walls, And like a thunderbolt he falls.

a. Simile

b. Pun

c. Allusion

d. Understatement

6. What's the dominant literary figure in the following quoted lines of Tennyson's poem?

An ghastly through the dazzling rain

On the bald street breaks the blank day. [In Memoriam, VII]

a. Irony

b. Imagery

c. Paradox

d. Allusion



تعداد سؤالات: تستى: ٣٠ تشريحي: \_\_

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**هم درس. سعر الحديسي** ر**شته تحصيلي/ كُد درس:** زبان و ادبيات انگليسي (۲۱۳۰

کُد سری سؤال: یک (۱) استفاده از:

7. In the following lines of the piece of poem by Robert Frost (1874-1963):

### **DUST OF SNOW**

The way a crow Shook down on me The dust of snow From a hemlock tree Has given my heart A change of mood And save some part Of a day I had rued.

a. The scene gives a lift to the speaker's heart and changes his mood from one of delight to one of sorrow.

b. The speaker has been annoyed at the minor inconvenience of the following of a few flakes of snow.

c. The falling of a few flakes of snow has shaken him out of himself and helped him overcome his dependency.

d. The speaker has felt well about the aspects of the way his life was going.

Which of the following incidents does *Dust of Snow* introduce?

a. Literal incident

b. Psychological incident

c. Historical and Social incident

- d. Psyco-metaphorical incident
- 9. What is the speaker's view in *Dust of Snow*?
  - a. Birds and bees change nature when snow falls.
  - b. Nature can change one's feeling for the better.
  - c. Appreciating nature is a waste of time anyway.
  - d. One should never lose hope when snow falls in the winter.
- 10. In THE UNKNOWN CITIZEN, although we detect Auden's personal disapproval of the modern man, there is no overstatement. So THE UNKNOWN CITIZEN seems to be very...........
  - a. Figurative
- b. Objective
- c. Subjective
- d. Rhythmic



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مجاز است.

- 11. Which of the following items is **NOT** a theme of THE UNKNOWN CITIZEN?
  - a. In modern life there is no room for moral speculation.
  - b. Modern man is caught up in the tight yet artificial fabric of his age.
  - c. Modern man has, somehow, become very dull and extremely predictable.
  - d. Success is considered most desirable by those who have never been successful.
- **12.** Which poem is the above statement's writer talking about?

"In the poem we have a superficially neat portrait of the elegant man of mystery; the poem built up deliberately to a very cheap surprise ending; but all surprise endings are cheap in poetry, if not, indeed, elsewhere, for poetry is written to be read not once but many times."

1964:52)

**S**a. THE MAN HE KILLED

b. RICHARD CORY

b. THE EAGLE

d. FEAR NO MORE

"I walked abroad in snowy day; I asked the soft snow with me to play;

She played and she melted in all her prime,

And the winter called it a dreadful crime." [W. Blake]

In SOFT SNOW, nature exists to be enjoyed. Man is privileged to benefit from the beauties of nature; but in the process of taking advantage of nature, he is not allowed to destroy it. The above William Blake's poem is filled with meaningful.....

- a. Ironies
- b. Synecdoches
- c. Symbols and images d. Metaphors and metonyms
- 14. The above quoted lines of the Blake's poem are .....
  - a. Unrhymed at the end: ab cd
- b. Rhymed at the end: aa bb
- c. Rhymed internally with scheme
- d. Unrhymed internally without scheme
- 15. **Snow** and **Winter** in the Blake's poem are----
  - a. Alluded to
- b. Ironic
- c. Personified
- d. Metaphoric
- 16. The above William Blake's quoted poem -----
- a. Is an allusive poem

- b. Is a denotative piece
- c. Does not go beyond its words
- d. Does not have its literal meaning but an allegorical



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مجاز است.

- 17. What is the clue to the allegorical meaning of the above poem?
  - a. The allegorized *snow* and the fact that the speaker plays in the snow.
  - b. The allegorized *winter* and the fact that the speaker plays in the winter.
  - c. The personified *winter* as *he* and the fact that the speaker plays <u>Not</u> in but with the winter.
  - d. The personified *snow* as *she* and the fact that the speaker plays Not in but with the snow.
- 18. What is the dominant literary figure in the following quoted line by Shakespeare?

### My Mistress' Eyes Are Nothing Like The Sun

- (a. Understatement and simile
- b. Overstatement and metaphor
- ic. Shakespeare uses irony only
- d. Shakespeare uses allusion only
- What is the Duke arranging in "My Last Duchess" said by Robert Browning?
- a. The Duke is arranging the Duchess's funeral.
- **b.** The Duke is arranging the painting of the Duchess's portrait.
- c. The Duke is arranging a new marriage for himself.
- ■d. The Duke is arranging the sale of his art collection.
- 20. The speaker of the following quoted lines talks about his------

For calling up that spot of joy. She had/A heart--how shall I say?--too soon made glad/Too easily impressed; [My Last Duchess]

a. Lady negatively

- b. Beloved positively
- c. Lady enthusiastically positive
- d. Beloved in a much positive way
- 21. Which of the following statements is correct about the following lines from "My Last Duchess"?

# That is my last Duchess painted on the wall Looking as if she were alive.

- a. The poet is the speaker, and is talking to himself
- b. The poet believes the lady will ensure his immortality
- c. The poet is the speaker, and is addressing a pretend audience
- d. An image of a dead lady painted on the wall by an artist is the subject matter of the lines but the image looks alive.



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22. What is the sound device used in the two following lines?

So to Care's copse I came, and there got through / With much ado. [G. Herbert]

- a. End-rhyme
- b. Triple-rhyming
- c. The image Fall
- d. Alliteration
- 23. The speaker in the above lines illustrates the -----

...the dust of snow / From a hemlock tree / Has given my heart / A change of mood,

(Robert Frost)

- a. Effect of the poet on dust of snow
- Ub. Snow dust behavior on his natural change
- ic. Effect of natural events on his life
- No longer mourn for me when I ar
  Than you shall hear the surly sulle
  Give warning to the world that I ar
  From this vile world, with vilest w
  Nay, if you read this line, remember the hand that writ it, for I love you
  That I in your sweet thoughts wou
  If thinking on me then should make

### NO LONGER MOURN FOR ME

No longer mourn for me when I am dead

Than you shall hear the surly sullen bell

Give warning to the world that I am fled

From this vile world, with vilest worms to dwell.

Nay, if you read this line, remember not

The hand that writ it, for I love you so,

That I in your sweet thoughts would be forgot,

If thinking on me then should make you woe.

O, if, I say, you look upon this verse

When I perhaps compounded am with clay,

Do not so much as my poor name rehearse,

But let your love even with my life decay,

Lest the wise world should look into your moan

William Shakespeare (1564-1616) 

24. What is the rhyme scheme of the above piece of poetry?

a. aba cc dd efe gfgf

b. abab cdcd efef gg

c. abab cbcd cdfd ff

d. aaaa bbbb cccc dd

نيمسال اول ٩٠–٨٩

### استان:

## کارشناسی (سنتی)



تعداد سؤالات: تستى: ٣٠ تشريحى: —

نام درس: شعر انگليسى
الم درس: شعر انگليسى
الم درس: شعر انگليسى
الم درس: زبان و ادبيات انگليسى (٢١٣٠)
المتفاده از: المتفاده المتفاد المتفاده المتفا

نیمسال اول ۹۰–۸۹

c. Apostrophe

d. Alliteration