



1-The implicit interaction of the imagery is held to constitute the working out of the primary subject of plays. constitute means

1. from 2. decay 3. express 4. keep

2-The branch of study concerned with defining, classifying, explaining and evaluating works of literature is called

1. linguistics 2. literary criticism 3. archetype 4. aesthetics

3-Since the Romantic Period, the majorfor evaluating literature have not been specific to one genre.

1. criteria 2. species 3. applicable 4. epigrams

4-The appropriateness of an element of an artistic or literary work to its particular circumstance or to its composition as a whole is called

1. combination 2. component 3. decorum 4. subject matter

5-To Coleridge, a good poem is like a growing plant which

1. evolves 2. limits 3. interprets 4. contains

6-The characteristic choice of words of a work or writer is called

1. rhetoric 2. diction 3. poetic 4. metaphoric

7-Astyle is one in which the relations between members and sentences are expressed by words or phrases or by the use of subordinate phrases and clauses.

1. periodic 2. non-periodic 3. paratactic 4. hypotactic

8-The pattern produced by emphasis and duration of notes in music or by stressed and unstressed syllables in words is referred to as

1. rhythm 2. rhyme 3. euphemism 4. diction

9-The central idea or ideas examined by a writer in the course of a book is referred to as

1. Motif 2. leitmotif 3. theme 4. topos

10-The study of the traditions, stories and customs of a community is called

1. ubi sunt 2. carpe diem 3. folklore 4. anthropology

11-In the, the author assumes a tone of intimacy with the audience and tends to be concerned with everyday things, rather than with public affairs.

1. essay 2. formal essay 3. informal essay 4. ode



- 12-Francis Bacon inaugurated the English use of the term. "Inaugurated" means
1. interested 2. ended 3. persuaded 4. introduced
- 13-A short, interesting or amusing story about a real person or event is called
1. essay 2. anecdote 3. prose 4. periodical
- 14-Abraham Cowley imitated the Pindaric style and matter but disregarded the recurrent strophic triad."Disregarded" means.....
1. ignored 2. wrote 3. found 4. displayed
- 15-.....the passion and visionary boldness of Pindar's odes, Horatian odes are calm and meditative.
1. Because of 2. In contrast to
3. On the contrary 4. Due to
- 16-A group of lines forming a unit in some types of poems is called
1. epode 2. ode 3. strophe 4. stanza
- 17-The first or original example of something that has been or will be copied or developed is referred to as
1. prototype 2. token 3. visionary 4. imitation
- 18-If the paradoxical utterance combines two terms that in ordinary usage are contraries, it is called a (n)
1. vehicle 2. epode 3. allusion 4. oxymoron
- 19-The term for thein most European languages is roman.
1. novel 2. short story 3. narrative 4. anecdote
- 20-"Sorrows of Young Werther" is a novel of immense influence." Immense" means
1. rapid 2. slow 3. large 4. partly
- 21-Tolstoy combined a savage satire on the futility and hypocrisy of conventional life with a powerful representation of isolation. "Futility" means
1. transient 2. controversial 3. sudden 4. uselessness
- 22-He eventually became a leading shareholder and principle playwright of the company. "Eventually" means
1. greatly 2. at the early age 3. finally 4. nicely



23-A long essay on a particular subject, especially one written for a doctorate or similar degree is called

1. dissertation 2. proposal 3. outline 4. fable

24-A brief story to make a point in an argument or to illustrate a moral truth is called

1. exemplum 2. fabliau 3. tale 4. fable

25-'sorrow of young Werther' is a novel of immense influence in establishing the image of the introspective, melancholy Romantic hero. immense means

1. tendency 2. vast 3. awakened 4. complete

26-An example of the use of a word or phrase to indicate something different from the literal meaning is called

1. metre 2. allegory 3. metaphor 4. distich

27-A piece of writing, play, etc. that makes fun of foolish or wicked behavior by making fun of it is called

1. legend 2. satire 3. echo 4. tale

28-The development of new literary forms and the concurrent shifts in the bases of critical theory effected a drastic alteration in literature. "Concurrent" means

1. common and usual 2. contextual
3. artistic 4. happening at the same time

29-A system with grades of authority or status from the lowest to the highest is called

1. prominent 2. esteem 3. hierarchy 4. carpe diem

30-According to Coleridge's theory,is a pre-existent shape.

1. literary genre 2. form 3. organic form 4. mechanic form

سوالات تشریحی

31-Eliot's impersonal theory of poetry emphasizes the medium in which a writer works, rather than his or her inner state; craft and control rather than the Romantic ideal of "a spontaneous overflow" of private emotion.

نمره ۱.۴

32-Mawlana's love for Shams turned him into a poet but at the same time caused him to neglect his murids and disregard everyone but Shams. The murids were angered by this and maintained that they were more important than the foreign unknown dervish and are even said to have threatened Shams' life.

نمره ۱.۴



- 33-in the early nineteenth century the founding of new types of magazines gave great impetus to the writing of essays, and made them a major department of literature. In our time the many periodicals pour out scores of essays every week. نمره ۱.۴
- 34-Paradox is a central concern of many new critics, who extended the application of the term from the rhetorical figure to encompass all surprising deviations from, or qualifications of, common perceptions or commonplace opinions. نمره ۱.۴
- 35-The term novel is now applied to a great variety of writings that have in common only the attribute of being extended works of prose fiction. As an extended narrative, the novel is distinguished from the short story and from the work of middle length called the novelette. نمره ۱.۴