



مجاز است.

استفاده از:

CHOOSE THE MOST APPROPRIATE ITEM (a, b, c, or d) AND THEN MARK IT ON YOUR ANSWER SHEET.

- When some comparisons are irrelevant, it is because they do not have any
a- meaning b- function c- common base d- structure
- The two expressions: /bærgæst/ "coming back" and /récord/ utilize the same rule of stress shift but they are different in the.....of the shift.
a- process b- strength c- direction d- surface
- Systematic errors are all.....—i.e., errors which reasons can be provided for their occurrences.
a- realizable b- distinctive c- specifiable d- predictable
- Theoretical studies in contrastive analysis often concentrate on.....
a- similarities b- differences
c- similarities and differences d- common bases
- In contrasting two language systems, the step in which we think about what is to be compared with what, is called
a- juxtaposition b- description c- comparison d- prediction
- Functions such as request, invitation, and compliment are used for the basis of comparison at the level of
a- pragmatics b- semantics c- deficits d- phonemics
- The weak version of contrastive analysis hypothesis is.....
a- predictive b- diagnostic c- well-cultivated d- practical
- The term 'predicator' refers to.....
a- activities or events b- participants in the activity
c- complements/arguments d- internal arguments



مجاز است.

استفاده از:

9. The relationships existing among the elements of a sentence is called meaning.
a- pragmatic b- sentential c- lexical d- organizational
10. Which paraphrase is incorrect?
a- Mehdi seems intelligent.
b- It seems that Mehdi is intelligent.
c- Mehdi seems to be intelligent.
d- Mehdi is intelligent seemingly.
11. Sentences like / haɪ-æm xub-e/ are called.....
a- nominal b- Penglish c- pronominal d- non-personal
12. The milk sour.
a- grew b- became c- turned d- tastes
13. In a reverse psychological verb, the subject is the.....
a- agent b- stimulus c- experience d- goal
14. In the Persian equivalent of the English sentence: "They laughed a merry laugh", the noun-phrase "a merry laugh" is substituted by a(n)
a- noun-phrase b- adjective
c- adverb of frequency d- adverb of manner or prepositional phrase
15. Reza takeshis father in looks.
a- along b- up to c- after d- for
16. Look..... your notes before the test.
a- at b- out c- over d- for
17. In phrasal verbs, unlike verb-preposition sequences, particles carry..... accent.
a- strong b- weak c- no d- vibrant



مجاز است.

استفاده از:

18. Which one is correct?

a- I approve of his behavior.

b- The teacher is not happy my work.

c- He joined to the army last year.

d- He discussed the experiment with great detail.

19. In the narrow transcription of the word 'masked', the sound [k] is represented as [k̟]. This symbol shows that the sound is.....

a- released

b- unreleased

c- devoiced

d- velarized

20. Which one is incorrect?

a- Mary told John the secret.

b- Mary told the secret to John.

c- Mary told about the secret to John.

d- Mary told John about the secret.

21. In American English /t/ can become a between two vowels as in the word: 'city'.

a- trill

b- flap

c- retroflex

d- dental-alveolar

22. One of the [l] sounds in the following words is syllabic which one is it?

a- pale

b- mile

c- mortal

d- canal

23. Which one is the general syllabic structure of Persian words?

a- ccvc

b- ccvcc

c- cvcc

d- cvccc

24. Given a normal condition, which one is properly accented?

a- Whén did you sleep?

b- Jápanese

c- Whenever I ask hím, he hélp me out.

d- Why are you lóoking around?

25. Choose the one which is not correct in a normal condition:

2

31

a- Did he go hóme #?

2

3 3

b- Did you gét up //?

2

3 3

c- Did you write the létter //?

2

31

d- Did you go home #?



مجاز است.

استفاده از:

26. Mark the expression which is Penglish.

- a- Drugstóre clerk
- b- Gréen house
- c- Who took the banána?
- d- Do you have any récord of it?

27. Which one is correct?

- a. Concepts are not always lexicalized similarly in different languages.
- b. Bilingual dictionaries are mostly concerned with differences between languages.
- c. Contrasting single vocabulary items in lexical CA is much favoured.
- d. By comparing word forms in two languages, we can make a good amount of predictions.

28. Which one is **non-deviant**?

- a. This book has little thickness.
- b. It has snowed little.
- c. How deep is the snow?
- d. How high is the tree?

29. Which one is **incorrect**?

- a. A lexical field contains a number of words which are to the same concept.
- b. /felfel-e-siyah/ and black pepper display a case of lack of isomorphism.
- c. /tæb-e zærd/ and yellow fever display a case of full isomorphism.
- d. When a term in Persian has three or more counterparts in English, we have a case of multiple split.

30. Which one is deviant?

- a. dark-skinned
- b. grey-bearded
- c. yellow-face
- d. how thick is the ice?