



1-Social and cultural effects of tourism are often.....than economic effects and have been more difficult to quantify.

1. similar 2. the same 3. less tangible 4. more tangible

2-Tourismeconomic gains of the society.

1. decreases 2. increases 3. declines 4. destroys

3-The tallest buildings in London are small in.....with New York skyscrapers.

1. compare 2. comparable 3. comparably 4. comparison

4-Doubts that had been submerged for many years, reappeared. 'Submerged' means.....

1. hidden 2. cleared 3. supplied 4. appeared

5-We can think of some criteria to distinguish positive impacts from the negative ones. 'Ones' refers to.....

1. we 2. criteria 3. impacts 4. positive

6-With respect to the relationship between crime and tourism, Mathieson and Wall conclude that it appears that tourism.....to crime, especially on a seasonal basis.

1. stops 2. avoids 3. contributes 4. excludes

7-It results in greater mutual understanding between two different communities. 'Mutual' means.....

1. rare 2. common 3. region 4. partial

8-Repairs are necessary to.....the bridge.

1. strong 2. strongly 3. strength 4. strengthen

9-An event that may occur but that is not likely or intended is called.....

1. reality 2. certainty 3. continuity 4. contingency

10-When water stands still in a place for a long time it becomes..... . It will be dirty and smells unpleasant.

1. clean 2. stagnant 3. pure 4. purified

11-A few major natural disasters, such as....., were widely reported in the North.

1. hurricanes 2. traffic 3. robbery 4. car accidents

12-The crucial role of managers within the tourism industry is very evident in some cases. 'Crucial' means.....

1. lost 2. dark 3. important 4. unimportant



13-The weather was so.....that we could not see each other.

1. murky 2. clear 3. clean 4. sunny

14-Your idea is good but not..... .

1. practice 2. to practice 3. practical 4. practically

15-Last year we expected aon our foreign trade, but this sudden increase in foreign trade did not happen.

1. delay 2. boom 3. fall 4. decrease

16-Parents should prepare good health, happiness, prosperity, etc. for their children. They are responsible for the.....of their children.

1. scheme 2. exchange 3. fauna 4. welfare

17-The short cyclical features of some sorts of tourism impose a good character on the local economy. 'Sorts' means..... .

1. kinds 2. qualities 3. quantities 4. amounts

18-This existing model of tourist service provision is environmentally.....and contributes to further polarization.

1. destroy 2. destroys 3. destructive 4. destructively

19-Tour managers should supply food services based on the diversity of the local communities. 'Supply' means..... .

1. deny 2. provide 3. postpone 4. finish

20-Tourism managers should.....old systems of tourist services and start new ones.

1. stick to 2. fasten 3. produce 4. abandon

21-Tourism impact is very.....and so not very visible and concise.

1. diffuse 2. clear 3. obvious 4. apparent

22-While urban tourism is primarily concerned with two motivations,namely business and culture, it is in fact very diverse. 'It' refers to..... .

1. rural tourism 2. urban tourism 3. business 4. culture

23-Visitors to cities tend to be more affluent and therefore higher spenders. 'Affluent' means..... .

1. wealthy 2. poor 3. angry 4. lazy

24-Would you please call me later so that we can speak..... .

1. private 2. privacy 3. privatize 4. privately

