= صفحه ۱ از 3 =



سری سوال: یک نے
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یایگاه خبری دانشجویان پیام نور

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠ تشريحي: ٠

عنوان درس: زبان انگلیسی ۲

1010/101013133

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مدیریت جهانگردی (چندبخشی) ۱۲۱۲۰۱۵ - ،مدیریت جهانگردی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۲

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1-He believes that every one should have a right to free speech. In other words, he is a strongof free speech.						
1. proponent	^{2.} opponent	3. protagonist	^{4.} antagonist			
2-Social effects of tourism are less tangible than economic effects and are more difficult to						
1. quantity	^{2.} quantify	^{3.} quantitative	^{4.} quantitatively			
3-Some people believe thattourists today come primarily from western countries, tourism industry has introduced and spread western values throughout the world.						
1. if	^{2.} until	^{3.} because	^{4.} although			
4-As people travel to different parts of the world, they learn more about other cultures and may become more						
1. tolerance	^{2.} tolerant	3. morals	^{4.} locale			
5-To lead the country to, they tried to attract more tourists.						
1. poverty	^{2.} health	3. novelty	^{4.} wealth			
6-The controlled use and systematic protection of natural resources, such as forests, soil and water systems is called						
1. constructive	2. construction	3. conservation	4. conservatism			
7-What criteriaused to assess tourism industry's ability?						
1. is	2. are	^{3.} has	^{4.} have			
8-There is no consensus concerning that issue in the community. The underlined word means						
1. interest	^{2.} attraction	3. agreement	^{4.} solution			
9-In multicultural countries, regional tourism can help maintain the cultural identity of minority cultural groups that otherwise might beby the nation's dominant culture.						
1. supported	^{2.} used	^{3.} revitalized	4. submerged			
10-In this circumstances, the <u>likelihood</u> of crime detection is slow. The underlined word means						
 probability 	2. love	3. minority	^{4.} majority			
11-It was another clear attempt toattention from the truth.						
1. pay	^{2.} attract	3. distract	^{4.} persuade			



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پایگاه خبری دانشجویان پیام نور	ع جه فکردی ۱۱۱۳۰۰	تحردی (چندبخسی) ۱۱۱۱۰ – ،هدیرید	ست عصیتی ۱۳۰۰ کارس			
12-By their acceptance and use of the English translation of the Bible, the Scottish reformers in effect adopted English as the national language. "Their" refers to						
1. acceptance		^{2.} English				
3. Scottish reformers		^{4.} national				
13-An event that may occur but that is not likely or intended is refered to as a(n)						
1. frugality	2. contingency	3. adherence	4. succession			
14-When water stands sti	ill in a place for some ti	me it becomes	••••			
1. _{lagoon}	^{2.} fauna	3. stagnant	^{4.} hurricane			
15-Environmental pressure groups and media coverage, as well as extensive academic literature, stress the environmental problems by tourism.						
1. cause	^{2.} caused	^{3.} causing	^{4.} because			
16-Disasters are not	in the touris	sm industry and often lead t	o cancelled bookings.			
1. uncommon	2. difficult	3. possible	^{4.} concerned			
17-Managers have some <u>crucial</u> roles when they face hotel disasters. "Crucial" means						
1. important	>> ² faulty	3. fragile	^{4.} simple			
18-A hotel manager should	ld have firm public	with the media	•			
1. affair	^{2.} relation	^{3.} dichotomy	4. agression			
19-Turkey forms a between Asia and Europe and has been impacted by the cultures of these two continents.						
1. variation	^{2.} flora	^{3.} fauna	^{4.} bridge			
20-The government shouldthe old policies of tourism management and implement new ones instead.						
1. follow	^{2.} earn	^{3.} abandon	^{4.} dominate			
21-Tour managers should <u>supply</u> food services based on the diversity of the local communities. The underlined word means						
1. provide	^{2.} notice	^{3.} propose	4. stress			
22-Society-oriented tourism programs may encounter various <u>obstacles</u> in their implementation. The underlined word means						
1. bonds	^{2.} features	^{3.} patterns	4. barriers			



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: 0

عنوان درس: زبان انگلیسی ۲

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مدیریت جهانگردی (چندبخشی) ۱۲۱۲۰۱۵ - ،مدیریت جهانگردی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۲

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	cheme should		-		
1. prove	^{2.} improve	^{3.} approve	^{4.} disprove		
24urbar diverse.	n tourism is primarily conce	rned with two main motiva	ations, it is in fact very		
1. since	2. as well as	^{3.} while	^{4.} either		
25-Overall, visitors to cities tend to be more affluent and higher spenders.					
1. therefore	2. since	^{3.} but	^{4.} though		
26-The <u>objectives</u> of tourism development are diffuse and often interlinked with other objectives. The underlined word means					
 opportunities 	^{2.} purposes	^{3.} advantages	^{4.} caveats		
27-It is perhaps in architecture and urban design that the attempt to create a spectacle is most					
1. obscure	^{2.} evident	^{3.} doubtful	^{4.} decline		
28-Because of the carnival, there was a hugeof visitors to the city.					
1. influx	2. incur	3. souvenir	4. fragile		
29-Tourism development has led to socio-economic <u>regeneration</u> of rural areas. The underlined word					
means	ارداد والبيام نور ١٠٠٠	ت سوالان			
1. turn	2. return	3. revitalization	^{4.} revolution		
30-For many tourists, the prime for visiting the countryside is the rural					
environment.		To the total your			
1. resource	^{2.} motivation	^{3.} report	^{4.} reaction		