

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: ٠

عنــوان درس: فنون یادگیری زبان

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۵۰ – ،زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۱۰

1-For many students course are an immediate, short-range motivation for study since they help to motivate you from day to day, but they are only small, artificial step to your ultimate goal.					
1. grades	<sup>2.</sup> instructions	<sup>3.</sup> objectives	4. textbooks		
2-To "" mea	ns to focus your attention	n clearly and completely o	n a purpose.		
1. encourage	2. concentrate	<sup>3.</sup> schedule	<sup>4.</sup> maintain		
3-A distraction is something, such as a sudden noise, or someone, such as an unexpected visitor, that takes your away from what you are doing.					
1. interest	<sup>2.</sup> motivation	<sup>3.</sup> attention	<sup>4.</sup> habit		
4-A good dictionary will indicate British or American pronunciations, spellings, or meanings.					
1. temporary	<sup>2.</sup> convenient	<sup>3.</sup> alternate	<sup>4.</sup> published		
5 helps i	n spelling and pronounci	ng words and indicates wh	nere the word should be		
divided at the end of a	line.	THE COM			
1. Syllable division	No. DNI	2. Derivation			
3. Part of speech	MW.	<sup>4.</sup> Usage	» باز		
6-Be sure to read the to your dictionary and study especially the table of pronunciation symbols.					
1. explanation	<sup>2.</sup> information	<sup>3.</sup> definition	4. introduction		
7-The of a word is its basic form, the fundamental element which is common to all the other forms of the word.					
1. stem	<sup>2.</sup> prefix	3. suffix	4. affix		
8-The professor did not mean to the class. However, his lecture was very					
1. bore / bored / bori	ng	2. bore / boring / bor	red		
3. bored / boring / bo	re	4. boring / bored / bore			
9-Using what you know of word stems and word formation, you can make a/an guess at the meaning of a new word.					
1. immediate		2. possible			
3. comprehensible		4. intelligent			
10-The night was so that not a sound could be heard.					
1. dark	<sup>2.</sup> quiet	<sup>3.</sup> dangerous	<sup>4.</sup> beautiful		

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**: صفحه ۲ از 3 =** 

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ایکه خبری دانسجویان پیام خور	7				
11-A/An is an organized list of related items or ideas. It is a method of grouping together things that are similar in some selected way.					
1. footnote	<sup>2.</sup> summary	<sup>3.</sup> outline	<sup>4.</sup> abstract		
12-Which word is NOT related to the other three?					
1. adverb	<sup>2.</sup> noun	<sup>3.</sup> comma	<sup>4.</sup> adjective		
13-Like other skills, your ability to read a foreign language rapidly and accurately depends upon careful instruction and					
1. special custom		<sup>2.</sup> purposeful practic	e		
3. supporting details		<sup>4.</sup> different comparis	sons		
14-The reader's eyes will stop many times focusing on each word alone before moving on to the next.					
1. fast	2. slow	<sup>3.</sup> skilled	<sup>4.</sup> comprehensive		
15-The ability to see words on either side of the point at which your eyes focus is called					
<ol> <li>peripheral vision</li> <li>efficient reading</li> </ol>	MWW.PN	<ol> <li>prepositional visio</li> <li>inefficient reading</li> </ol>			
16-In a paragraph organization, analysis moves from general to particular.					
1. inductive	<sup>2.</sup> deductive	<sup>3.</sup> descriptive	<sup>4.</sup> comparative		
17 are the most familiar reference words that will substitute for the nouns that have already been mentioned.					
<ol> <li>Analogies</li> </ol>	2. Pronouns	<sup>3.</sup> Modifications	4. Connectives		
18-Your reading will be more efficient and meaningful if you are aware of the that link ideas into some kind of relationship.					
1. additions	<sup>2.</sup> conjunctions	3. references	4. modifications		
19-There are two purposes of: 1) to locate a specific word, fact, or idea quickly; and 2) to get a rapid, general impression of the material.					
<ol> <li>analyzing</li> </ol>	2. recognizing	3. skimming	<sup>4.</sup> surveying		
20-A kind of dictionary which defines or explains some of the technical terms in the book, often provides examples and page references and is either at the end of each chapter or at the end of the book is called					
1. glossary	<sup>2.</sup> bibliography	3. index	<sup>4.</sup> foreword		



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اه خبری دانشجویان پیام نور	عين الماري				
21-A useful technique for reading a textbook assignment has been called SQ3R, standing for, Question, Read, Recite, and Review.					
<b>1.</b> Specify	<sup>2.</sup> Study	<sup>3.</sup> Survey	<sup>4.</sup> Summarize		
22-At the end of each section, summarize the material by to yourself the important points and this helps you consolidate the information you have read, to relate it to the previous information, and to prepare yourself for what is to follow.					
1. surveying	2. questioning	3. reviewing	4. reciting		
23-Whenever an author reprints an exact quotation, or when he summarizes or refers to a fact or opinion that is original with someone else, he must his source.					
1. footnote	2. interpret	3. arrange	4. acknowledge		
24 display various kinds of information in clear compact columns which are useful for quick reference, but they require careful reading.					
1. Line graphs	<sup>2.</sup> Tables	3. Notes	4. Bar graphs		
25-One of the values of making notes is their use when the time comes to the material and relate it all together.  1. record  2. recall  3. review  4. involve  26-There are three kinds of material that any good library includes: 1) books  2) reference material					
26-There are three kinds of material that any good library includes: 1) books 2) reference material, and 3)					
1. card catalogues	پيام نور «	<sup>2.</sup> periodicals			
<sup>3.</sup> year books	32	<sup>4.</sup> atlases			
27-You should use the need	results of an exam as a mea	asure of how much you u	nderstand and where you		
<b>1.</b> materials	<sup>2.</sup> positive value	<sup>3.</sup> extra effort	4. mistakes		
28-In a/an e answers.	exam you are limited to sele	ecting the right answer fro	om a group of possible		
<b>1.</b> subjective	<sup>2.</sup> objective	3. written	<sup>4.</sup> oral		
29-An objective type of exam that is used widely and often repeatedly is a/an exam.					
<b>1.</b> standard	<sup>2.</sup> subjective	<sup>3.</sup> essay-type	<sup>4.</sup> oral		
30-The best preparation the night before an exam is to the material that you have studied during the preceding days.					
1. regulate	<sup>2.</sup> realize	3. recognize	<sup>4.</sup> review		

1.1./1.1.1.4.4