## كارشناسي



سری سوال: یک ا )، مدیریت بازرگانی (چندبخشی	یقه): تستی: ۷۵ تشریعی: . چندبخشی)، مدیریت دولتی (چندبخشی (چندبخشی) ۱۲۱۲۱۷۴	ومديريت		
	e items that people woul			
purchase means 1. give	 2. buy	<sup>3.</sup> earn	<sup>4.</sup> sell	
2-Scarcity is a fact of	life, like gravity. Scarcity	means		
1. quality of being full of initiative		2. act of providing		
3. state of being in short supply		4. act of apportionin	g	
3-An increase in inco	ome will lead to an increas	se in <u>demand</u> . demand ı	means	
1. fight	<sup>2.</sup> require	3. forbid	<sup>4.</sup> provide	
4-External <u>benefits</u> r means	esult in an underallocatio	n of resources to the sp	ecific activity. benefit	
1. profit	<sup>2.</sup> occasion	3. export	<sup>4.</sup> option	
5-Lenders attempt to inflation means  1. rise in prices	o protect themselves agai  <sup>2.</sup> legal claim	nst <u>inflation</u> by raising r  3. sale of goods	nominal interest.  4. legal system	
6-Britain's poor econ means	nomic <u>performance</u> cause	d to high rate of unemp	loyment. performance	
1. complement	2. management	<sup>3.</sup> operating	4. investment	
<sup>7</sup> -Using the <u>transact</u> banks. transaction	ions approach to measuri means	ng money and travelers	' checks non issued by	
1. desire	2. supply	<sup>3.</sup> trade	<sup>4.</sup> salary	
8-A recession would	reduce government tax r	evenues. <u>revenue</u> mean	IS	
1. cash	<sup>2.</sup> price	3. bill	4. income	
9-The term <u>stable</u> Ri current Rial. stable	al means that the Rial of the means	the past year is consider	red equal in value to a	
1. high	<sup>2.</sup> steady	<sup>3.</sup> total	4. public	
10-This approach is ve	ery close to the practice o	f management. approac	h means	
1. failure	2. method	3. output	<sup>4.</sup> account	

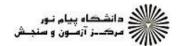
## كارشناسي



۱ مسری سوال ایک ا	ن (دقیقه) : تستی : ۷۵٪ تشریحی : ۰		عداد سوالات: تستى : 30 تشريحي				
7)7-1	•••	صادومديريت	عنــــوان درس: زبان تخصصی اقت				
<b>ىبخشى)، مديريت بازرگانى (چندبخشى</b>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· -				
	گردی (چندبخشی )۱۲۱۲۱۷۴ 	صنعتی (چندبخشی )، مدیریت جهانگ	مديريت				
11-Economics is a social sc		location of limited reso	urces to the				
1. expectation	2. profession	3. production	4. information				
12-In economicsis a situation in which quantity supplied is greater than quantity demanded at a price above the market clearing price.							
1. entrant	<sup>2.</sup> schedule	3. surplus	<sup>4.</sup> shortage				
13-The nature of public goods leads to theproblem, a situation in which some individuals take advantage of the fact that others will assume the burden of paying for public goods.							
1. job loser	2. liquidity	<sup>3.</sup> free-rider	<sup>4.</sup> quantity				
14-The layperson's notion ofoften relates to the purchase of stocks and bonds.							
1. investment	2. consumption	3. employment	<sup>4</sup> . corporation				
15-Money is the unit of me	easure employed in reco	ordingtransa	ctions.				
1. nominal	2. moral	<sup>3.</sup> financial	<sup>4.</sup> final				
16-When a business borrobecomes a creditor of t	•	on, ais incur	red and the lender				
1. liability	2. household	<sup>3.</sup> possibility	<sup>4.</sup> interest				
17-It is the part of econom and by firms. it refers to		decision making undert	aken by individuals				
1. behavioral economics		2. macroeconomics					
3. positive economics		<sup>4.</sup> microeconomics					
18-It is the human resourc who work. it refers to	-	ctive contributions mad	de by individuals				
1. <sub>loan</sub>	2. index	3. firm	<sup>4.</sup> labor				
<sup>19</sup> -It is a system by which a government collects money from people and spends it on such things as defence, education and so on. it refers to							
1. distribution	2. security	3. taxation	<sup>4.</sup> stability				

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سری سوال ؛ یک ۱ سری سوال ؛ یک ۱ سی)، مدیریت بازرگانی (چندبخشی			· -		
		e nation's annual final pro	• •		
	of production located	d within national borders			
3. credentials	1. withdrawals		2. gross domestic product		
		<ol> <li>government inhibited goods</li> </ol>			
	e interjected into the a ve economics mean	analysis, we enter the rea	alm of <u>normative</u>		
اقتصاد خرد <b>.1</b>	اقتصاد اثباتی <sup>-2</sup>	 اقتصاد كلان   3.	اقتصاد دستوری 4.		
•	spressed in constant q lities . commodity mea	uality units in order to av	oid the problem of		
1. کالا	شاخص 2.	3. ت <sub>ورم</sub>	4. لعادت		
23-Cyclical unemploym	<u>ent</u> is related to busin	ess fluctuations. Cyclical	unemployment		
بیکاری ساختا <sub>ری</sub> .1	بیکاری فصلی 2۰	بیکاری دوره ای   3.	بیکاری عمومی 4.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	torship or partnership co oprietorship means			
<b>1.</b> تقاضا	مالكيت 2.	مبادله .3	وقابت .4		
		not legal requirement for monetary system means			
سیستم پول معتبر		سیستم پرداخت سریع ۔2			
سیستم درآمد کل 3.		سیستم برداشت پول 4۰			
	eptions were really tru vors. absolute advant	ue, then you would have age means	an <u>absolute advantage</u>		
سود ثابت .1	مزيت مطلق 2.	سود افزوده .3	مزیت نسبی 4.		
27-The subject matter of decentralization me	=	<u>alization</u> are a part of thi	s definition.		
درآمدزدایی 1.	نمایند <i>گی</i> .2	تمرکززدایی 3.	سازماندهی 4۰		

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OM سری سوال؛ یک ۱	تشریحی: ۰	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۷۵	تشریحی: ۱	تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠
ا م محمدی سوال ایک ا	<b></b>		فصصى اقتصادومديريت	عنـــوان درس: زبان تخ

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس:، (علوم اقتصادی (نظری )چندبخشی، حسابداری (چندبخشی )، مدیریت دولتی (چندبخشی)، مدیریت بازرگانی (چندبخشی مدیریت صنعتی (چندبخشی )، مدیریت جهانگردی (چندبخشی ۱۲۱۲۱۷۴

- 28-The statement of owner's equity can be useful to investors and creditors. investors and creditors means......
  - صورت حسابهای پس انداز مالکان .1

سرمایه گذاران و بستانکاران

برداشت یول از حساب مالکان .3

- استاندار د حسابداری مالی
- 29-one who is obliged to another is called <u>debtor</u>.debtor means.....
  - بستانکار 1.
- کارخانه دار 2.
- بدهكار .3
- كارآفرين 4.
- $30\text{-}\text{The principle of } \underline{\text{rival consumption}}$  does not apply to public goods as it does to private goods. rival consumption means......
  - توليد ناخالص 1.
- تولید داخلی 3۰ مصرف عمومی 2۰
- مصرف رقيب 4.