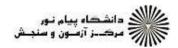
٠٨:٠٠



سرى سوال: یک ۱ بی،زبان تخصصی مطالعه متون علوم	قه): تستی: ۶۰٪ تشریحی: . ،زبان تخصصی ۱ متون ارتباطات اجتماء		ىداد سوالات: تستى : ٣٠ تشريحى: . عنــــوان درس: زبان تخصصى،زبان تخ
۱۲ - ، علوم اجتماعی (مددکاری	اجتماعی (تعاون ورفاه اجتماعی) ۱۲۰۰۱	ی (پژوهشگری علوم اجتماعی)، علوم	رِ شته تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اجتماع
	، اجتماعی تعاون و رفاه) ۱۲۲۲۱۸۰ – ، ع		
	۱۲۲۲۳۰۸ - ، مدیریت رسانه ۱۷۱۲۱۲۵	م ارتباطات اجتماعی (روزنامه نگاری)	عمومی)، علو
1-The process by whic their society is calle	ch somebody, especially a c	hild, learns to behave in a	way that is acceptable in
 isolation 	^{2.} immigration	3. socialization	4. manipulation
2-They have not made	e any effort towith	the local community.	
1. integrate	2. integrates	^{3.} integrated	4. integration
3-When she was talk, and care for he	in a special school and giv	ven the necessary care, An	na slowly learned to walk,
1. place	2. places	^{3.} placing	4. placed
4-My sister works in t	he pediatric center of this h	nospital. As you know in th	nis center onlyare
1. nurses	2. adults	^{3.} women	^{4.} children
5-Her mother, who we care to keep her	orked on the farm all day a	nd often went out at night	t, gave Anna just enough
1. lived	^{2.} alive	^{3.} lives	^{4.} to lived
6-According to George individual.	e Herbert Mead, socialization	on is a process	s between society and the
1. one-way	^{2.} many-way	^{3.} two-way	^{4.} triple-way
7-I think I will choose means	this up-to-date magazine ra	ather than that out-of-dat	e one. 'Rather than'
 instead of 	^{2.} inside of	^{3.} better than	^{4.} worse than
	when children's basic need od, health care, clothing , a	_	• •
1. neglect	^{2.} happiness	^{3.} amusement	^{4.} entertainment
9- There were a numb e	er of errors andin h	ner article.	
1. omit	2. omits	^{3.} omitted	4. omissions
10-The process by whic children is called	h mental and physical char	acteristics are transmitted	by parents to their
1. mentality	^{2.} heredity	3. interference	4. inheritance

٠٨:٠٠



سری سوال : یک ۱ جتماعی،زبان تخصصی مطالعه متون علوم	ن (دقیقه): تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: ۰ باعی ۱،زبان تخصصی ۱ متون ارتباطات ا		عداد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريحى عنــــوان درس: زبان تخصصي،زب		
۱۲۱۲۰۰۱ - ، علوم اجتماعی (مددکاری	علوم اجتماعی (تعاون ورفاه اجتماعی)	تماعی (پژوهشگری علوم اجتماعی)،	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اج		
	، ریزی اجتماعی تعاون و رفاه) ۲۲۲۱۸۰ مرب بر سیسید				
141	اری) ۱۲۲۲۳۰۸ – ، مدیریت رسانه ۲۱۲۵	، علوم ارتباطات اجتماعی (روزنامه نکا	عمومى		
11-We humans differ from for our survival.	nonhuman animals becaus	se weinstincts and	must rely on learning		
1. link	^{2.} leak	^{3.} lack	4. possess		
12-Except for simple reflexes, most human actions are, either in their causes or in their consequences.					
1. asocial	2. social	3. instinctive	4. inherited		
13-There are a few famous in the North of Iran who are unknown to the world.					
1. biology	^{2.} biological	3. biologists	4. biologically		
14-Parents can unwillingly transmit their own fears to their children. 'Transmit' means					
1. pass	^{2.} pack	3. cease	4. block		
15-A real or imagined line that marks the limits or edges of something and separates it from other things or places is called					
1. river	^{2.} territory	^{3.} boundary	4. government		
16-Functionalists emphasize that families are the primary locus for theand socialization of children in industrialized nations.					
1. isolation	^{2.} procreation	3. separation	^{4.} prevention		
17-The money that a person, a region, or a country earns from work, from investing money, or from business is called					
1. loss	2. cost	^{3.} expense	^{4.} income		
18-As adults, we continue to participate in a peer group of people with whom we share					
1. hidden	2. common	^{3.} unknown	^{4.} ambiguous		
19-The woman looked at hi	mand smiled.				
1. approve	^{2.} approval	^{3.} approving	^{4.} approvingly		
20-My neighbor asked me to take care of her children while she went to the market. 'Take care of' means					
1. look after	2. look for	3. look at	4. look up		
21-Culture is essential for our individual and our communication with other people.					
1. _{survive}	^{2.} survival	^{3.} survives	^{4.} survived		

٠٨:٠٠



۱۲۱۲ - ، علوم اجتماعی (مددکاری علوم ارتباطات اجتماعی (روابط	جتماعی (تعاون ورفاه اجتماعی) ۰۰۱ اجتماعی تعاون و رفاه) ۱۲۲۲۱۸۰ – ،	زمان آزمون (دقیق خصصی – مطالعه متون علوم اجتماعی ۱، بی (پژوهشگری علوم اجتماعی)، علوم ا ۱۲۲۲۱۵ – ، علوم اجتماعی (برنامه ریزی وم ارتباطات اجتماعی (روزنامه نگاری) ۸	رشته تحصیلی/گد درس: علوم اجتماع اجتماعی) ۸		
22- Most contemporary	sociologists agree that cu	ulture and social learning, n	ot nature virtually		
all of our behavior pa		inture and social learning, in	ot nature, virtuany		
1. account for	^{2.} deny	^{3.} reject	4. disagree		
23- The place to which s	omebody or something is	s going or being sent is calle	d		
1. _{origin}	2. revision	3. destination	4. base place		
24- Nonmaterial culture consists of the or intangible human creations of society that influence people's behavior.					
1. real	2. concrete	3. tangible	4. abstract		
25- The death toll was	reported at aro	und 240, but was later revis	sed to 300.		
1. initial	2. initially	3. initialize	4. initializes		
26- Research indicates that eating habits are changing fast. 'Indicates' means					
1. shows	2. revises	3. removes	4. reduces		
27- Even though the species of individual cultures vary widely, all cultures have four common nonmaterial cultural components: symbols,, values, and norms.					
1. tongue	2. forms	3. reforms	^{4.} language		
28- "Values do not dictate which behaviors are appropriate and which ones are not, but they provide us with the criteria by which we evaluate people, objects, and events." 'Ones' refers to					
1. _{values}	2. events	3. criteria	4. behaviors		
29- The act or process of called	changing something in c	order to improve it or make	it more acceptable is		
1. deletion	2. conclusion	3. modification	4. depreciation		
30- "Health providers an globe." 'Globe' mear	•	ould rapidly transfer medic	al records around the		
1. world	^{2.} ball	3. circle	^{4.} wheel		