

1-My brotherto me every week.

1. wrote 2. is wrote 3. writes 4. is writing

2-hevery hard in class but I don't think he'll pass the course.

1. tring 2. tries 3. try 4. is trying

3-what you eat for lunch yesterday?

1. did 2. do 3. were 4. are

4-I wasn't hungry .Ijust..... .

1. was-eating 2. is-eating 3. had-eaten 4. have-eaten

5-The blue car by my father.

1. is sell 2. is sold 3. sells 4. sold

6-The new shopping centerlast year.

1. was built 2. builds 3. is built 4. built

7-She will be offered treatment with the that it may not work.

1. survey 2. enormity 3. estimate 4. caveat

8-The governing boards..... volunteers who help make policy for their organization.

1. accrue 2. underlie 3. comprise 4. act out

9-As a manager you should the companies' budget.

1. cost 2. temper 3. hire 4. woo

10-A distinctive is something the organization does well.

1. competence 2. inventory 3. profit 4. fund

11-"Venerate" means:

1. to avoid 2. to differ 3. to respect 4. to develop

12-"Reduce" means:

1. to decrease 2. to increase 3. to develop 4. to enhance

13-He rarely produced a day's work; he lost his job.

1. although 2. so 3. then 4. consequently

14-..... they were poor, they were independent.

1. Although 2. then 3. so 4. conceded

15-..... having a salary, he also has a private income.

1. Hence 2. Also 3. Equally 4. Besides

16-"Scanning" is:

1. looking for a particular piece of information
2. looking up some words in dictionary
3. looking for important words
4. looking for headlines

17-"Skimming" is:

1. looking for a particular piece of information
2. running the eyes over quickly to get the gist
3. looking for important words
4. running the eyes for a piece of information

18-"generating interactions between schemate and text" is

1. strategy 2. top sentence 3. gist 4. concession

19-" Ball, field, match, hooligan, league, star, goal, player, and fans" are all related to as a topic.

1. league 2. player 3. field 4. goal

20-..... has one key sentence or idea and several sentences that support or develop that key idea or topic sentence.

1. functional paragraph 2. topical paragraph
3. descriptive paragraph 4. key paragraph

Read the passage carefully and then answer the questions that follow.

The rate of volunteering for sport and recreation was 21% of all volunteers in Australia. However it is necessary to understand why people volunteer. That is, the psychological and motivational patterns of those who volunteer are as important as their socioeconomic background.

21-Based on the above passage, what patterns are not important to understand why people volunteer?

1. socioeconomic 2. psychological 3. motivational 4. social

22-The rate of volunteering for sport and recreation was 21% of all in Australia.

1. volunteers 2. sport organizers
3. sport industries 4. Australians

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

Probably the best way to understand the purpose and structure of an event budget is to go through each item line by line. As your event takes shape, you will find that certain things that you expected are unnecessary, and others cost more or less than you thought; still other items that you didn't plan on needing for your event become a requirement. You have to remain flexible but still try to stay within the total expense parameters that you set up at the outset.

23- The main idea of the paragraph is that

1. you should stay within your budget even if unexpected things happen
2. the purpose and structure of an event budget is important
3. you have to remain flexible when planning your budget
4. you find that certain things that you expected are necessary

24- The best way to understand the purpose and structure of an event budget is

1. to overlook the expenses
2. to study carefully the items
3. to think the plan carefully
4. to expect certain things

25- The "others" in the second sentence of the passage refers to

1. events
2. purposes
3. budget
4. certain things

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

Sport psychology applies to a broad population base. Although some professionals use sport psychology to help elite athletes achieve peak performance, many other sport psychologists are concerned more with children, seniors, and average participants. More and more sport psychologists have focused on the psychological factors involved in exercise, developing strategies to encourage sedentary people to exercise or assessing the effectiveness of exercise as a treatment for depression.

26- Sport psychology applies to

1. only elite athletes
2. average participants
3. all people
4. seniors

27- The more sport psychology focuses on the psychological factors involved in exercise, the more it succeeds in treating

1. athletes
2. children
3. all people
4. sedentary people

28- Professionals use sport psychology to help

1. adults and children benefit from sport and exercise activities
2. elite athletes to achieve peak performance in sport
3. run fitness programs for recovering patients
4. design a training program

29- The word " assessing" in the last sentence of the passage can be best replaced by

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. designing | 2. assuming | 3. estimating | 4. involving |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|

30- "Although" in the second sentence shows

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|----------|
| 1. concession | 2. contrast | 3. result | 4. cause |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|----------|