سرى سوال: يک ۱	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۶۰ تشریحی : ۰	نعداد سوالات: تستى : 40 تشريحي: .

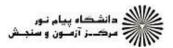
		زبان خارجه ۱،متون روانشناسی ۱	عنـــوان درس: متون روان شناسی به
	،روانشناسی۱۲۱۷۲۳۲	رایش روانشناسی عمومی ۱۲۱۲۰۱۸ –	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: روانشناسی گ
1-The theory provoked .	between psyc	chologists.	
1. conflicts	^{2.} emphasizes	^{3.} comprises	^{4.} determines
2-Freud was the first per	rson to develop the theor	y of	···
 defense machanism 	าร	^{2.} empriricism	
3. clinical psychology		4. behaviorism	
3-Disorder means			
 defense mechanism 	าร	^{2.} lack of order	
^{3.} impulse		^{4.} maladaptive	
4-Health means	•••		
1. theory		^{2.} structuralism	
^{3.} humanistic		4. state of being we	ll and free from illness
5-A sudden strong feelin	ng that you must do some	thing is the meaning of	
1. impulse	^{2.} root	3. practice	4. aggressive
6-What is the definition	of conduct?		
1. in an experiment		^{2.} a system of word	S
3. to do something in	organized way	4. counterbalance	
7-you should	wrong words from an ess	ay.	
1. eliminate	^{2.} compensate	^{3.} describe	^{4.} assign
8-What is the activity of	giving someone or some	ething examination?	
1. manipulate	^{2.} scheme	^{3.} test	^{4.} predict
9-psychologits will	the patient behavio	r.	
1. design	^{2.} observe	^{3.} variable	^{4.} cause
10-He wanted toflowers in this garden.			
1. fertilize	^{2.} abandon	^{3.} tease	^{4.} thread
11 period is very	sensitive period for mot	her and her child.	
1. sibling	2. twin	3. pregnancy	4. identical
12-What is the definition	of anxiety?		
1. angry		2. worry, nervousne	ess
3. shame		4. depress	

'9 ۴/1 +/+9	كارشناسي	کالاے دانشگاہ پیام نور
:••	-	دانشکاه پیام نور مرکــز آزمــون و سنجـش

سری سوال: یک ۱	، (دقیقه): تستی : ۶۰٪ تشریحی: ۰	: ٠ زمان آزمون	تعداد سوالات: تستى : 40 تشريحي	
		<i>ی</i> ی به زبان خارجه ۱،متون روانشناسی ۱	عنـــوان درس: متون روان شناس	
	۱۱ – ،روانشناسی۱۲۱۷۲۳۲	سی گرایش روانشناسی عمومی ۲۱۲۰۱۸	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: روانشنا،	
13-The word "empirical" is o	closest in meaning to			
 experimental 	^{2.} prediction	^{3.} observation	^{4.} statistics	
14-the presure exerted by tl	ne blood on the artery wa	ills called		
1. blood pressure	^{2.} emotion	3. self- defense	^{4.} swallow	
15are caused by a	any process that damage	tissues.		
1. glial cells	2. lesions	3. maps	^{4.} lies	
16-The other name of	is "little bra	in"		
1. midbrain	^{2.} hindbrain	3. pons	^{4.} cerebellum	
17-Sensitivity to	is greatest on the back	of the tongue.		
1. iris	^{2.} anvil	3. bitter	4. sour	
18is the stimulo	us detection process by w	hich our sense organs.		
1. sensation	2. salty	3. sweet	^{4.} sour	
19-Smell and are c	hemical senses.			
1. cortex	2. taste	3. coordination	^{4.} air	
20-Rock- climbers sometime	es their lives.			
1. utterly	^{2.} antisocial	^{3.} exposure	^{4.} hazard	
21 is a disease car	n make you feel hot or co	ld, weak and tired.		
1. defect	2. Flu	^{3.} creeping	^{4.} nurture	
- TY What is the "egocentrism" in farsi?				
مفهوم انتزاعی	خود-میان بینی	تفکر نمادین ۳.	۴. بلوغ	
23-Infants begin to grasp object around age 8 months.				
1. concrete	^{2.} puberty	^{3.} permanence	^{4.} sensory	
24-Majid began the difficult of organizing the information.				
1. task	^{2.} belly	³ . stage	^{4.} crawl	
25-"Lacking something important" is the meaning of				
1. doubt	2. complete	^{3.} courage	^{4.} poor	
26-Physical and mental reaction times begin to solve during middle				
1. teenager	2. adulthood	^{3.} attachment	4. transition	

94/1./.8	كارشناسي	دانشداه پیام نور
:••		المراكبة مركب زاميون و سنجش

قیقه): تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: ۰	زمان آزمون (د	تعداد سوالات: تستى: 40 تشريحي: .	
	زبان خارجه ۱،متون روانشناسی ۱	عنـــوان درس: متون روان شناسی به	
- ،روانشناسی۱۲۱۷۲۳۲ 	رایش روانشناسی عمومی ۱۲۱۲۰۱۸ -	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: روانشناسی گ	
crisis afte	r his divorce.		
^{2.} fulfillment	^{3.} identity	4. inferiority	
"to feel sorry or sad th	at something has happe	ned"?	
^{2.} irritable	3. mistrust	4. integrity	
nt participation in our o	classes.		
2. impact	^{3.} believe	^{4.} encourage	
est that the school was	responsible this acciden	t.	
^{2.} yield	^{3.} racism	4. unfair	
ed by other sleep disor	rders such as		
^{2.} apnea	3. alert	^{4.} wakeful	
sleeping, it is called			
2. undivided	3. insomnia	^{4.} moderate	
achieve; mark or goal			
2. target	^{3.} motivation	^{4.} neutral	
ngthening or supportir	ng"?		
2. retention	^{3.} punishment	^{4.} spontaneous	
••••			
^{2.} generalize	3. accumulate	^{4.} motive	
36-Cognitive neuropsychology is the best defined as the study of			
ients			
of brain- damaged pat	ients		
37-Patients with have severe problems with long- term memory.			
2. interference	^{3.} implicit	4. explicit	
38-You shouldyour attempts to catch success.			
^{2.} nativist	^{3.} fluent	^{4.} enhance	
	crisis after 2. fulfillment delegation in our of the control of th	crisis after his divorce. 2. fulfillment 3. identity 'to feel sorry or sad that something has happe 2. irritable 3. mistrust the participation in our classes. 2. impact 3. believe set that the school was responsible this accident 2. yield 3. racism ed by other sleep disorders such as	



تعداد سوالات: تستى:

39-		
	1.	р
	3.	р
_۴.	Wł	าล
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سري سوال: يک	تشريحي: .	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۶۰	۴۰ تشریحی: ۰
سری سوال یک	حسرياتي .	/ · • G · (·)	٠ ١٠ ٥٠٠ ١٠٠

عنـــوان درس: متون روان شناسی به زبان خارجه ۱،متون روانشناسی ۱

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: روانشناسی گرایش روانشناسی عمومی ۱۲۱۲۰۱۸ - ،روانشناسی ۱۲۱۷۲۳۲

39-"reacting quickly and strongly to something" is the definition of

1. problem-solving

2. sensitive

3. phoneme

4. babbling

- *· What is "crystallized intelligence" in farsi?

۲. هوش بین فردی

موش تحلیلی

هوش متبلور

موش سياا

۱۰۱۰/۱۰۱۰۳۷۷۷۶ سیسال اول ۹۵–۱۳۹۴