



سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۸۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: کلیات زبان شناسی ۲. کلیات زبان شناسی، کلیات زبان شناسی ۲

رشته تحصیلی/گد درس: آموزش زبان انگلیسی، زبان شناسی همگانی، مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۲۰۶۱ - ، زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۱۷ - ، آموزش زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۰۸۳

1-What is another name for Wernicke's area?

1. anterior speech cortex
2. corpus callosum
3. posterior speech cortex
4. arcuate fasciculus

2-Hearing "great ape" instead of "gray tape" is an example of

1. spoonerism
2. malapropism
3. slip of the brain
4. slip of the ear

3-Sensory aphasia is also called aphasia.

1. Broca's
2. Wernicke's
3. conduction
4. motor

4-The critical period for first language acquisition lasts from until

1. birth- 10 years old
2. 3 years old-pubert
3. 3 years old- 10 years old
4. birth-puberty

5-The earliest use of speech-like sounds has been described as

1. cooing
2. caregiver speech
3. babbling
4. vocalizing

6-The two-word stage can begin around to twenty months.

1. fourteen
2. eighteen
3. nine
4. eleven

7-Using the word "ball" for all round objects is an example of

1. telegraphic speech
2. holophrastic speech
3. overextension
4. overgeneralization

8-Which of the following items is **NOT** a characteristic of "The grammar translation method"?

1. vocabulary lists are used
2. memorization is discouraged
3. sets of grammar rules are used
4. written language is emphasized

9-Crosslinguistic influence is also called

1. interlanguage
2. error
3. agrammatism
4. transfer

10-How do we describe "strategic competence"?

1. the accurate use of words and structures
2. the ability to organize a message effectively
3. using the appropriate language
4. the ability to use language flexibly

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11- Which branch of linguistics concerns with practical issues involving language and its role in everyday life?

1. general 2. cultural 3. applied 4. computational

12- Gestures that seem to be a reflection of the meaning of what is said are called

1. iconics 2. emblems 3. deictics 4. signs

13- What are "beats"?

1. signals that function like fixed phrases
2. downward movements with one hand
3. short quick movements of the hand or fingers
4. using the back of hand and arms

14- Which of the following items is **NOT** an articulatory parameter of ASL?

1. height 2. movement 3. orientation 4. shape

15- "Finger spelling" is used to represent

1. the words of a language 2. the sounds of a language
3. the letters of the alphabet 4. the shape of syllables

16- What is the earliest writing for which we have clear evidence?

1. pictogram 2. ideogram 3. logogram 4. cuneiform

17- In a(n) system, symbols represent words.

1. ideographic 2. logographic 3. pictographic 4. phographic

18- Which item is **NOT** correct about Chinese characters?

1. represents meaning of words 2. uses logograms
3. represents parts of words 4. shows sounds of spoken language

19- Which of the following languages uses a "syllabic" writing system?

1. Latin 2. French 3. Indian 4. Japanese

20- Which of the following English words contains a "digraph"?

1. sign 2. fish 3. climb 4. tower

21- "Spanish" belongs to the family of languages.

1. Celtic 2. Germanic 3. Italic 4. Hellenic



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22- All of the following languages belong to Slavic languages EXCEPT.....

1. Latvian 2. Czech 3. Polish 4. Ukrainian

23- According to “the most natural development principle”, which of the following statements is **NOT** correct?

1. Final vowels often disappear
2. Voiced sounds become voiceless between vowels
3. Stops become fricatives
4. Consonants become voiceless at the end of words

24- Metathesis can be observed in

1. spinel → spindle 2. schola → escuela
3. hros → horse 4. timr → timber

25- “Wife” in old English was used for any woman but today it means “married woman”. What is this process called?

1. prothesis 2. narrowing 3. epenthesis 4. broadening

26- For describing features of grammar and vocabulary as well as aspects of pronunciation, the word is used.

1. dialect 2. accent 3. creole 4. pidgin

27- In societies where a high and a low variety of language is used in different situation, the term is used.

1. bilingualism 2. bidialectalism 3. diglossia 4. isogloss

28- What is the name of a speech style that attempts to reduce social distance?

1. divergence 2. social variable 3. speech style 4. convergence

29- What is another name for “colloquial speech”?

1. jargon 2. taboo 3. slang 4. lexifier

30- Which of the following words display “T/V distinctions”?

1. Mrs./Ms. 2. male/female
3. shirt/clothing 4. awesome/wicked