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سرى سوال: يک ١): تستى: ۶۰٪ تشريحى: ٠	زمان آزمون (دقيقه	اد سوالات: تستى : ٣٠ تشريحى: ٠	
ماعى،زبان تخصصى مطالعه متون علوم	بان تخصصی ۱ متون ارتباطات اجت	سصى - مطالعه متون علوم اجتماعي ١،ز	ـــوان درس: زبان تخصصی،زبان تخص	
، علوم ارتباطات اجتماعی (روابط	- جتماعی تعاون و رفاه) ۱۲۲۲۱۸۰ –	۱۲۲۲ - ، علوم اجتماعی (برنامه ریزی ا ارتباطات اجتماعی (روزنامه نگاری)،ار	-	
1-When we are born, w	e are totallyon oth	ers for our survival.		
1. isolated	^{2.} separated	^{3.} dependent	^{4.} independent	
2-The editor was quite aware of these kinds of	•	olved in changing the text	of the article. He was	
1. conscious	^{2.} ignorant	^{3.} unaware	^{4.} disable	
3-Every human being is "nurture".	a product of biology,	., and personal experience	e, i.e. "nature" and	
1. society	^{2.} talent	^{3.} wisdom	^{4.} knowledge	
4-The operator knew	that something was w	rong.	$\mathcal{O}(0)$	
1. instinct	2. instincts	3. instinctive	4. instinctively	
5-Nowadays we say son	neone is "speech-impai	red", not		
1. _{ill}	2. dumb	3. deaf	4. bold	
6-Almost four decades later, Geniein 1970 at the age of thirteen. She had been locked in a bedroom alone.				
1. find	^{2.} found	3. was find	^{4.} was found	
7-She is alwaysgum	in the classroom, whic	h is a very bad habit.		
1 . thinking	^{2.} chewing	^{3.} breathing	4. whimpering	
8-When someone is controlling or using something in a skillful way, we say he isit.				
1. refusing	2. damaging	3. decreasing	4. manipulating	
9-Speech is the fastest r	nethod ofbetween	people.		
1. communication		2. communicate		
^{3.} communicated		4. communicationa	al .	
10-Socialization enables a next.	a society toitself by إ	passing on its culture from	one generation to the	
1. reject	2. refuse	3. reproduce	^{4.} reduce	
11-There is anbetwee	en these programs and	your existing software.		
 integrate 	^{2.} integrates	3. integration	^{4.} integrated	

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سر ی سوال : یک ۱	يقه): تستى: 60 تشريحى: 0	زمان آزمون (دق	نداد سوالات: تستى : ٣٠٪ تشريحى : ٠			
ماعي،زبان تخصصي مطالعه متون علوم	۱،زبان تخصصی ۱ متون ارتباطات اجت	فصصى - مطالعه متون علوم اجتماعي	نــــوان درس: زبان تخصصی،زبان تا			
۱۲۱۲۰۰ - ، علوم اجتماعی (مددکاری	اعی (پژوهشگری علوم اجتماعی) ۱۰	ی (تعاون ورفاه اجتماعی)، علوم اجتم	ِ شته تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اجتماع			
		۱۲۲۲۱۵ - ، علوم اجتماعی (برنامه ریز:	_			
کاری ۱۲۲۲۳۰۸ - ، مدیریت	ارتباطات اجتماعی کرایش روزنامه نا	ِم ارتباطات اجتماعی (روزنامه نگاری). ۱۷	عمومی)، علو رسانه ۲۲۱۲۵			
12-These new methods of 'Significant' means	-	nessages through internet	are ver <u>y significant</u> .			
1. worthless	^{2.} invaluable	3. unimportant	4. important			
13-When asked what constitutes child maltreatment, many people first think of cases that involve severe physical injuries. 'That' refers to						
1. child	2. cases	^{3.} people	^{4.} injuries			
14-Can he rely on your	in the election?					
1. _{support}	^{2.} supported	3. supportive	4. supportively			
15-The legal ending of a marriage is called						
1. courtship	^{2.} diverse	3. divorce	4. engagement			
16-To a large extent, the family is where we <u>acquire</u> our specific social position in society. 'Acquire' means						
1. give	2. get	^{3.} release	4. evaluate			
17-A dipstick is used tohow much oil is left in an engine.						
1. measurable	2. measured	3. measures	^{4.} measure			
18-Do the plans meet with your?						
1. approve	^{2.} approves	^{3.} approval	^{4.} approved			
19- The game will be broa	dcast <u>simultaneously</u> on '	TV and radio. It will be bro	padcast on TV and radio			
1. the same time	^{2.} different time	^{3.} another time	^{4.} no time			
20-Agroup is a group of people who are linked by common interests, equal social position, and (usually) similar age.						
1 . per	^{2.} peer	^{3.} pair	^{4.} fail			
21-The communication w	ith somebody, especially	while you work, play or sp	pend time is called			
1. imitation	^{2.} interaction	3. intonation	^{4.} desperation			
22-Just as culture is essential for individuals, <u>it</u> is also fundamental for the survival of societies. 'It' refers to						
1. society	2. individual	3. cultura	4. fundamental			

130/+1/+λ λ:++	کارشناسی و کارشناسی ارشد	گاه دانشگاه پیام نور گاه مرکــز آزمـون و سنجـش

سر ی سوال : یک ۱	تشريحي: .	ن (دقیقه) : تستی : ۶۰	زمان آزمور	د سوالات: تستى : 30 تشريحى: .
اجتماعي،زبان تخصصي مطالعه متون علوم	متون ارتباطات	ماعی ۱،زبان تخصصی ۱	صصى - مطالعه متون علوم اجته	ــوان درس: زبان تخصصی،زبان تخم
) ۱۲۱۲۰۰۱ - ، علوم اجتماعی (مددکاری	علوم اجتماعي	اجتماعی (پژوهشگری	(تعاون ورفاه اجتماعی)، علوم	ه تحصیلی/کد درس: علوم اجتماعی
۱ - ، علوم ارتباطات اجتماعی (روابط		_		_
ه نگاری ۱۲۲۲۳۰۸ - ، مدیریت	<i>ی</i> کرایش روزنام	اری)،ارتباطات اجتماعی	ار تباطات اجتماعی (روزنامه نگ ۱	عمومی)، علوم رسانه ۱۷۱۲۱۲۵
23-Humans do not have What we most often think of as instinctive behavior actually can be attributed to reflexes and drives.				
1. pride	^{2.} emoti	ons	3. instincts	^{4.} knowledge
24-A central component of nonmaterial culture is the mental acceptance or conviction that certain things are true or real.				
1. beliefs			^{2.} shelter	
^{3.} clothing			4. tangible creation	S
25-Anthropologist George Murdock compiled a list of more than seventy cultural universals, custom and practices that occur across all societies. 'Occur' means				
1. reduce	2. declin	ie	^{3.} disappear	4. happen
26-The friendly and generous behavior towards guests is called				
1. hate	2. insult	DNU	3. dispute	4. hospitality
27-He showed great perception in his assessment of the family situation. 'Perception' means				
	000			
1. insight	^{2.} lazine	SS	3. insignificancy	^{4.} unawareness
28-In a study of baby clothing, the sociologist Madeline Shaking found that 90 percent of the infants they observed were dressed in colors <u>indicating</u> their gender. 'Indicating' means				
1. hiding	2. showi	ing	3. changing	^{4.} removing
29-Credit cards eliminate the need to carry a lot of cash. 'Eliminate' means				
1. remove	^{2.} gain		^{3.} acquire	^{4.} achieve
30-He is working in a(n) same type.	group. This	group consists	of people that are all	the same or all of the